IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA MARTINSBURG

MUSTAFA OZSUSAMLAR,

Petitioner,

v. CIVIL ACTION NO.: 3:22-CV-21

(GROH)

MR. MCCAFFREY,

Respondent.

ORDER ADOPTING THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Currently before the Court is a Report and Recommendation ("R&R") entered by United States Magistrate Judge Robert W. Trumble on August 3, 2022. ECF No. 20. Pursuant to Rule 2 of the Local Rules of Prisoner Litigation Procedure, this action was referred to Magistrate Judge Trumble for submission of an R&R. Therein, Magistrate Judge Trumble recommends that this Court dismiss the Petitioner's Petition with prejudice. The Petitioner timely filed objections to the R&R on August 18, 2022. ECF No. 22. Accordingly, this matter is now ripe for adjudication.

I. BACKGROUND

On February 22, 2022, Mustafa Ozsusamlar ("Petitioner"), filed a Petition listing two grounds for relief. ECF No. 1. The Petitioner asserts that his sentencing calculation was incorrect. Specifically, the Petitioner argues that the date his sentence began to run was not properly determined by the BOP. Upon reviewing the record, the Court finds that

the background and facts as explained in the R&R accurately and succinctly describe the circumstances underlying the Petitioner's claims. For ease of review, the Court incorporates those facts herein.

II. LEGAL STANDARDS

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(c), this Court is required to make a *de novo* review of those portions of the magistrate judge's findings to which objection is made. However, the Court is not required to review, under a *de novo* or any other standard, the factual or legal conclusions of the magistrate judge as to those portions of the findings or recommendation to which no objections are addressed. Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 150 (1985). Further, failure to file timely objections constitutes a waiver of *de novo* review and the Petitioner's right to appeal this Court's Order. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Snyder v. Ridenour, 889 F.2d 1363, 1366 (4th Cir.1989); United States v. Schronce, 727 F.2d 91, 94 (4th Cir.1984). Pursuant to this Court's local rules, "written objections shall identify each portion of the magistrate judge's recommended disposition that is being challenged and shall specify the basis for each objection." LR PL P 12(b). The local rules also prohibit objections that "exceed ten (10) typewritten pages or twenty (20) handwritten pages, including exhibits, unless accompanied by a motion for leave to exceed the page limitation." LR PL P 12(d).

"When a party does make objections, but these objections are so general or conclusory that they fail to direct the district court to any specific error by the magistrate judge, de novo review is unnecessary." <u>Green v. Rubenstein</u>, 644 F. Supp. 2d 723, 730 (S.D. W. Va. 2009) (citing <u>Orpiano v. Johnson</u>, 687 F.2d 44, 47 (4th Cir. 1982)). "When only a general objection is made to a portion of a magistrate judge's report-

recommendation, the Court subjects that portion of the report-recommendation to only a clear error review." Williams v. New York State Div. of Parole, No. 9:10-CV-1533 (GTS/DEP), 2012 WL 2873569, at *2 (N.D.N.Y. July 12, 2012). "Similarly, when an objection merely reiterates the same arguments made by the objecting party in its original papers submitted to the magistrate judge, the Court subjects that portion of the report-recommendation challenged by those arguments to only a clear error review." Taylor v. Astrue, 32 F. Supp. 3d 253, 260-61 (N.D.N.Y. 2012).

Courts have also held that when a party's objection lacks adequate specificity, the party waives that objection. See Mario v. P & C Food Markets, Inc., 313 F.3d 758, 766 (2d Cir. 2002) (finding that even though a party filed objections to the magistrate judge's R&R, they were not specific enough to preserve the claim for review). Bare statements "devoid of any reference to specific findings or recommendations . . . and unsupported by legal authority, [are] not sufficient." Mario 313 F.3d at 766. Pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and this Court's Local Rules, "referring the court to previously filed papers or arguments does not constitute an adequate objection." Id.; See also Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b); LR PL P 12. Finally, the Fourth Circuit has long held, "[a]bsent objection, we do not believe that any explanation need be given for adopting [an R&R]." Camby v. Davis, 718 F.2d 198, 200 (4th Cir. 1983) (finding that without an objection, no explanation whatsoever is required of the district court when adopting an R&R).

III. DISCUSSION

Upon review of all the filings in this matter, the Court finds that the Petitioner has presented no new material facts or arguments in his objections to the magistrate judge's R&R. The Petitioner's objections reiterate the arguments presented to the magistrate

judge in his Petition and Response in Opposition to the Motion to Dismiss. See ECF Nos.

1 & 15. Therefore, the Court finds that de novo review is not required because the

Petitioner's objections present no new legal arguments, and the factual presentation was

properly considered by the magistrate judge in his R&R. See Taylor, 32 F. Supp. 3d 253,

260-61. Moreover, the Court agrees with Magistrate Judge Trumble that the arguments

presented here are substantially the same as those presented to and properly rejected

by Judge Hillman in the District of New Jersey. See Ozsusamlar v. Shartle, No. CV 13-

7288 (NLH), 2016 WL 4361525 (D.N.J. Aug. 15, 2016).

IV. CONCLUSION

Accordingly, finding that Magistrate Judge Trumble's R&R carefully considers the

record and applies the appropriate legal analysis, it is the opinion of this Court that

Magistrate Judge Trumble's Report and Recommendation [ECF No. 20] should be, and

is, hereby **ORDERED ADOPTED** for the reasons more fully stated therein. Thus, the

Respondent's Motion to Dismiss [ECF No. 13] is **GRANTED**, and the Petitioner's Petition

is **DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE**. ECF No. 1. The Petitioner's Motion for an Evidentiary

Hearing is **DENIED AS MOOT**. ECF No. 19. This case is **ORDERED STRICKEN** from

the Court's active docket.

The Clerk of Court is **DIRECTED** to transmit copies of this Order to all counsel of

record and to the pro se Petitioner, by certified mail, at his last known address as reflected

upon the docket sheet.

DATED: January 19, 2023

UNITÉD STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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